Austin Regional Manufacturer's Association (ARMA)

Deep Dive into OSHA's Lockout/Tagout (LOTO) Standard





About: Control of Hazardous Energy

Lockout/Tagout

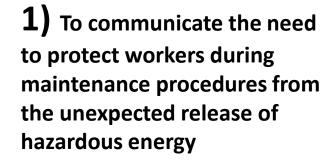
- Important for the prevention of injuries that can occur during the repair or maintenance of equipment
 - Lockout = Control energy through use of a locking device
 - Tagout = Display warning and information using a tag
- Consistently found in OSHA's National Emphasis Program! (i.e., this is low hanging fruit)
 - LOTO violations ranked in the Top 3 in general industry, and Top 5 overall



Why Discuss LOTO?









Why Discuss LOTO?





2) Regulatory Compliance with OSHA Standards

Surprise Inspections by the Occupational Health and Safety Administration (OSHA)



EHS Compliance For Small Business

Training Topics & Objectives

LOTO Training is Usually Provided to Staff Members Authorized To Apply Locks and Tags Necessary to Control Hazardous Energy on Facility Equipment

LOTO Authorized Agenda:

- Introduction
- OSHA Standard
- Hazardous Energy Sources
- LOTO and Isolation Devices and Tools
- Applying LOTO
- Removing LOTO
- Policy & Procedure

Today's Agenda:

- Prologue
 - OSHA Standard
 - Major Components of Program
- Discussion
 - Special Cases
 - A LOTO Procedure



General Industry (29CFR1910)







The Lockout/Tagout (LOTO) Standard

- 1910.146 Permit-required confined spaces
 - 1910.146 App A Permit-required Confined Space Decision Flow Chart
 - 1910.146 App B Procedures for Atmospheric Testing.
 - 1910.146 App C Examples of Permit-required Confined Space Programs
 - 1910.146 App D Confined Space Pre-Entry Check List
 - 1910.146 App E Sewer System Entry.
 - 1910.146 App F Non-Mandatory Appendix F -- Rescue Team or Rescue Service
- 1910.147 The control of hazardous energy (lockout/tagout).
 - 1910.147 App A Typical minimal lockout procedures
- 1910 Subpart K Medical and First Aid
 - 1910.151 Medical services and first aid.
 - 1910.151 App A Appendix A to § 1910.151 -- First aid kits (Non-Mandator
 - 1910.152 [Reserved]
- 1910 Subpart L Fire Protection
 - 1910.155 Scope, application and definitions applicable to this subpart.
 - 1910.156 Fire brigades.
 - 1910.157 Portable fire extinguishers.
 - 1910.158 Standpipe and hose systems.
 - 1910 159 Automatic sprinkler systems.





OSHA Standard

OSHA 29 CFR 1910.147

The Control of Hazardous Energy (Lockout/Tagout) Standard

✓– LOTO procedures are designed to prevent accidents, to protect employees, the environment, and equipment from accidental release of hazardous energy.

General Requirements

✓ Equipment Specific Controls and Procedures

 For any equipment that may require LOTO by employees and documented and kept in the Health and Safety Manual

Training for

- Authorized Employees
- Affected/Other Employees





Two Sides of LOTO Standard



29 CFR1910.147

 Procedures necessary to disable machinery/equipment to prevent release of stored energy while maintaining equipment



29 CFR1910.333

- Essentially the same but for electrical work
- Requires workers use
 LOTO procedures for electrical work
- Working on, near or with energized conductors or electrical systems



Maintenance on Machines/Equipment

29 CFR1910.147

 Procedures necessary to disable machinery/equipment to prevent release of stored energy while maintaining equipment







Maintenance on Electrical Components





- 29 CFR1910.333(b)
 - Same but for electrical work
 - Requires workers use LOTO procedures for electrical work

part of their body or indirectly through some other condu for the voltage level of the exposed electric conductors (

1910.333(b)

"Working on or near exposed deenergized parts."

1910.333(b)(1)



Maintenance on Electrical Components





"...if employees are working on energized conductors, equipment, or other electrical systems, which have not been locked or tagged out..."

- 1. Qualified Personnel
- 2. Electrical PPE

1910.333(b)(2)(v)(D)

There shall be a visual determination that all employ

1910.333(c)

"Working on or near exposed energized parts."

1910.333(c)(1)



QUESTION FOR THE AUDIENCE

How would you define a "qualified person"???

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) CFR Regulation 1910 defines a "qualified person" as "one with a recognized degree or professional certificate and extensive knowledge and experience in the subject field who is capable of design, analysis, evaluation, and specifications in the subject work, project, or product."





Major Components of a LOTO Program

Control of Hazardous Energy Lockout/Tagout



Written Program



Equipment Specific Procedures



Annual Procedure Assessment



Employee Training



LOTO Equipment

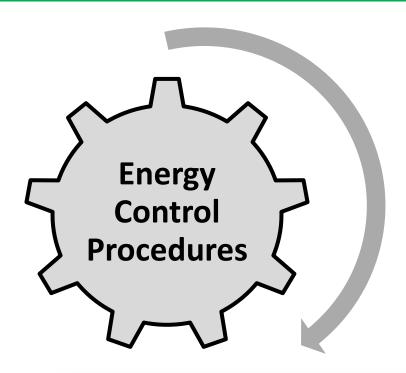




Major Components of a LOTO Program

Written Program: **Periodic** Inspections **LOTO Training Energy Control Procedures**

1910.147(c)(4)(i)



1910.147(c)(4)

Energy control procedure.

1910.147(c)(4)(i)

Procedures shall be developed, documented and utilized for the control of potentially hazardous energy when employees are engaged in the activities covered by this section.



Lockout/Tagout Procedure Components

- Notify Employees
- 2. Shut Down Equipment
- 3. Isolate Energy
- 4. Release Stored Energy
- 5. Lock and Tag Out
- 6. Attempt Startup
- 7. Service Equipment



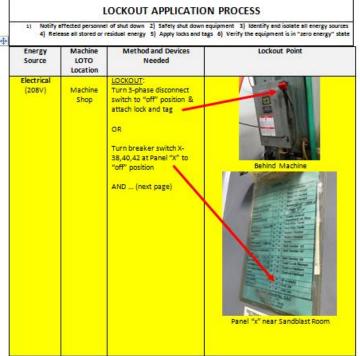


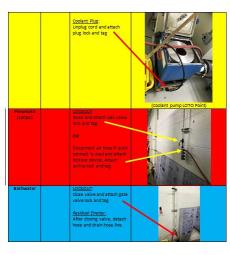
Image Credit: ESLI.org

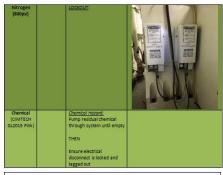
Lockout/Tagout Procedures

EQUIPMENT LOCKOUT/TAGOUT PROCEDURE

Equipment		Manufacturer	Model #	Date Created	
Section 1				- K-10-1 6 6	07/21/17
Location Machine Shop		Created By S Thomas Berry	Serial#	Revision Date 10/6/2017	
			13815		
LOTO Points	5	Not	tes:		







LOCKOUT REMOVAL PROCESS

 Ensure all tools & items have been removed: 2] Ensure all personnel are safely located: 3]. Verify all controls are in the neutral or off position. 4]. Remove lockout devices & re-energine equipment: 5]. Notify affected personnel that maintenance or pervising is complete.

Lockout-Tagout Procedure

Purpose: Ensure employees performing activities are protected from hazardous potential energy

Scope: This "Long Form" of the LOTO process is intended for any servicing or maintenance task other than routine maintenance that requires you to place your body in harm's way of the equipment.

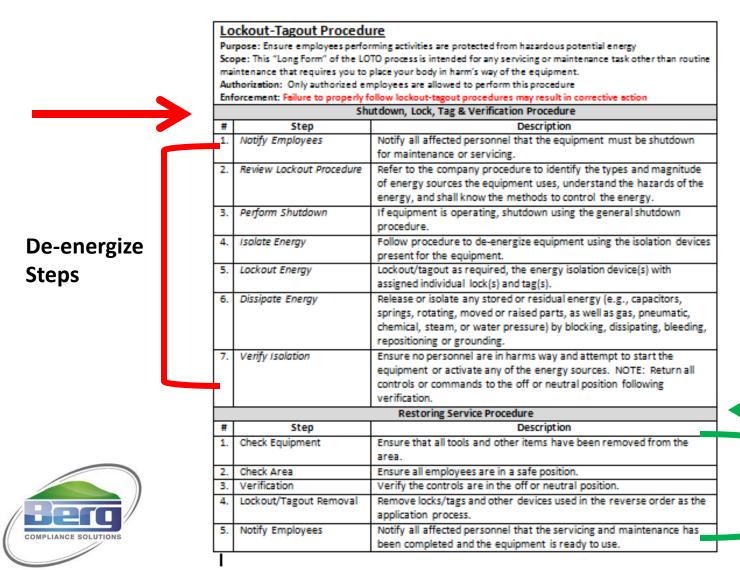
Authorization: Only authorized employees are allowed to perform this procedure

Enforcement: Failure to properly follow lockout-tagout procedures may result in corrective action

Enf		ollow lockout-tagout procedures may result in corrective action
		utdown, Lock, Tag & Verification Procedure
#	Step	Description
1.	Notify Employees	Notify all affected personnel that the equipment must be shutdown
		for maintenance or servicing.
2.	Review Lockout Procedure	Refer to the company procedure to identify the types and magnitude
		of energy sources the equipment uses, understand the hazards of the
		energy, and shall know the methods to control the energy.
3.	Perform Shutdown	If equipment is operating, shutdown using the general shutdown
		procedure.
4.	Isolate Energy	Follow procedure to de-energize equipment using the isolation devices
		present for the equipment.
5.	Lockout Energy	Lockout/tagout as required, the energy isolation device(s) with
		assigned individual lock(s) and tag(s).
6.	Dissipate Energy	Release or isolate any stored or residual energy (e.g., capacitors,
		springs, rotating, moved or raised parts, as well as gas, pneumatic,
		chemical, steam, or water pressure) by blocking, dissipating, bleeding,
		repositioning or grounding.
7.	Verify Isolation	Ensure no personnel are in harms way and attempt to start the
		equipment or activate any of the energy sources. NOTE: Return all
		controls or commands to the off or neutral position following
		verification.
		Restoring Service Procedure
#	Step	Description
1.	Check Equipment	Ensure that all tools and other items have been removed from the
		area.
2.	Check Area	Ensure all employees are in a safe position.
3.	Verification	Verify the controls are in the off or neutral position.
4.	Lockout/Tagout Removal	Remove locks/tags and other devices used in the reverse order as the
		application process.
5.	Notify Employees	Notify all affected personnel that the servicing and maintenance has
		been completed and the equipment is ready to use.
Т		



Lockout/Tagout Procedures



Re-energize Steps

EHS Compliance For Small Business

1910.147(c)(7)(iv)

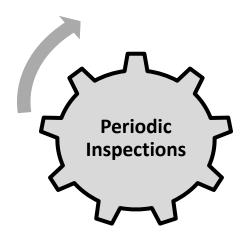


1910.147(c)(7)(iv)

The employer shall certify that employee training has been accomplished and is being kept up to date. The certification shall contain each employee's name and dates of training.



1910.147(c)(6)(ii)



1910.147(c)(6)(ii)

The employer shall certify that the periodic inspections have been performed. The certification shall identify the machine or equipment on which the energy control procedure was being utilized, the date of the inspection, the employees included in the inspection, and the person performing the inspection.





QUESTION FOR THE AUDIENCE

Which of the following employee tasks <u>DO NOT</u> fall under "maintenance/servicing" under the LOTO Standard (1910.147)???

- Setting up/ Installation
- Inspecting
- Lubricating
- Repairs

- Changing tools
- Unjamming
- Cleaning
- Adjusting



Scenario#1 — Standard Application

RULE: Servicing/Maintenance taking place during normal production operations is covered by this standard only if:

- Employee is required to remove or bypass guard or other safety device OR
- Employee must place any part of his/her body into point of operation or where associated danger zone exists

True or False: There is no exception to this rule.



Minor Tool Change Exception:

- Routine
- Repetitive
- Integral

...to the use of the equipment..



Scenario#2 — "Out of Service" VS Maintenance

Question

<u>Long Version</u>: When equipment is placed in an "out of service" status for business or production purposes (e.g., poor efficiency, recycled, sold, etc.) and not related to servicing or maintenance, is the use of lockout/tagout devices for this purpose a violation of 29 CFR 1910.147(c)(5)(ii)??

Short Version: Can I use a LOTO lock on a machine that is "Out of Service"?



..would not ". . .preserve the integrity of the Lockout/Tagout program."



Scenario#3 – Standard Application

True or False. Employee training is conducted on an annual basis.





Additionally: ...whenever there is a change in their job assignments, change in machines/equipment/processes presenting new hazard, change in energy control procedures

Scenario#4 – Exclusive Control Exemption

Scenario 1: Maintenance is to be performed on a single piece of shop machinery, such as a lath or drill press. The machine has a single energy source which is a disconnect switch, located in clear view, within five unobstructed feet of the machine on an adjacent wall. An electrician placed the disconnect switch in the "off position, removed the fuses from the disconnect switch and the machine's control panel, and verified that the machine would not start. In order for another employee to reach the disconnect switch, they would need to walk past the employee performing maintenance on the machine.

Question: Is the disconnect switch "under the exclusive control" of the employee performing the maintenance, or is a lockout or tagout device still required to be placed on the disconnect switch?



.. only to equipment that is de-energized through a cord and plug connection"

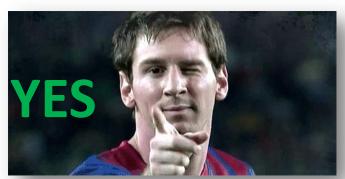


Scenario#5 – Annual Inspection of Procedures

Scenario 1: ...Section 1910.147(c)(6)(i) goes on to require periodic inspection of the energy control procedure at least annually to ensure that the procedure and the requirements of this standard are being followed.

Question: In order to meet the requirement in Section 1910.147(c)(6)(i)(A), can one "authorized employee," who is not performing the lockout procedures, observe/inspect a second "authorized employee" who is performing the lockout procedures?

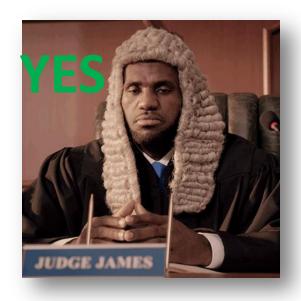




IMPORTANT NOTE: One authorized member performs procedure while another inspects for accuracy, efficiency, etc.

Scenario#6 — Annual Inspections of Procedures

Question: Is every lockout procedure required to have a periodic inspection, or can lockout procedures be grouped for machines that are of similar construction and operation?





"...employer may elect to group procedures as described above, and then inspect a representative number of such employees implementing one procedure within each group."

QUESTION FOR THE AUDIENCE

What information, at minimum, must be included on a tag that has been placed at an energy isolation point with lockout device?



1910.147(c)(5)(iii)

- Do Not Start.
- Do Not Open.
- Do Not Close.
- Do Not Energize.
- Do Not Operate.

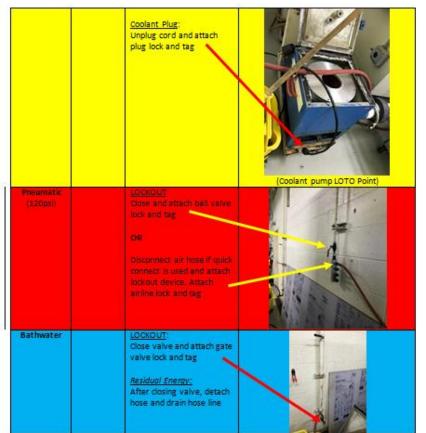
	Lo	ckout-Tagout Procedu	ıre		
				ected from hazardous potential energy	
				for any servicing or maintenance task other than routine	
	mai	intenance that requires you to	place your body in harm	's way of the equipment.	
		horization: Only authorized er			
	Enf	orcement: Failure to properly f	ollow lockout-tagout pr	ocedures may result in corrective action	
		Sh	utdown, Lock, Tag & ۱	Verification Procedure	
	#	Step	Description		
	' ' '	1.7 - 1	1	nel that the equipment must be shutdown	
				ting.	
	3.	. Perform 5	hutdawn -	scedure to identify the types and magnitude	
	_	. c.you	The Control of the Co	sipment uses, understand the hazards of the	
				e methods to control the energy.	
				, shutdown using the general shutdown	
	4. Isolate En		enav	nergize equipment using the isolation devices	
			37	t	
				ed, the energy isolation device(s) with	
				and tag(s).	
	C Landonia C			red or residual energy (e.g., capacitors,	
	5.	Lockout E	nergy	or residual eriergy (e.g., capacitors, pr raised parts, as well as gas, pneumatic,	
				r pressure) by blocking, dissipating, bleeding,	
				r pressure) by blocking, dissipating, bleeding,	
				g.	
	6	Dissipate I	Engene	n harms way and attempt to start the	
	•	. Dissipute i	cnergy	y of the energy sources. NOTE: Return all	
				the off or neutral position following	
			_	ocedure	
	#	Step		Description	
	1.	Check Equipment	Ensure that all tools	and other items have been removed from the	
			area.		
	2.	Check Area	Ensure all employees are in a safe position.		
	3. Verification		Verify the controls are in the off or neutral position.		
	4.	Lockout/Tagout Removal	Remove locks/tags and other devices used in the reverse order as the		
		-	application process.		
	5.	Notify Employees	Notify all affected personnel that the servicing and maintenance has		
			been completed and the equipment is ready to use.		
	T				



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locks a

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r	Model #		Date Created	
			07/21/17	
	Serial#		Revision Date	
rry	13815		10/6/2017	

ICATION PROCESS

Nitrogen (800psi)	LOCKOUT:	COLLEGE TO THE PARTY OF THE PA
Chemical (CIMTECH GL2015 Pink)	Chemical Hazard: Pump residual chemical through system until empty THEN Ensure electrical disconnect is locked and tagged out	

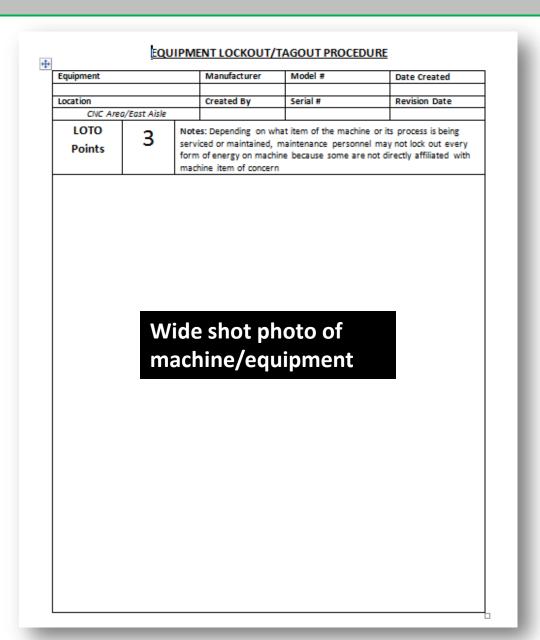


 Ensure all tools & items have been removed 2) Ensure all personnel are safety located 3) Verify all controls are in the neutral or off position 4) Remove lockout devices & re-energize equipment 5) Notify affected personnel that maintenance or servicing is complete



Equipment		Manufacturer	Model #	Date Created
and and a second			1	07/21/17
Location	Location		Serial#	Revision Date
Machine Shop		Created By Thomas Berry	138:	
		Notes:		
4) Rel	affe" conne		down equipment	CESS 3) Identify
Energy	Machine	Method and Devices		Lockout Point
Source	LOTO Location	Needed		
Electrical		LOCKO T		THE PARTY OF THE P
(208V)	Machine Shop	Turn 3-phase disconnect switch to "off" position of attach lock and tag OR Turn breaker switch X-38,40,42 at Panel "X" to "off" position AND (next page)	\$	Behind Machine Behind Machine Behind Machine Behind Machine











References

- https://www.google.com/search?q=machine+injuries+during+maintenance&num=20&source=lnms&tbm=isch&sa=X&ved=0ahUKEwjO wbqlz6XgAhVQKawKHepRCroQ AUIDigB&biw=1536&bih=768#imgrc=fvO3WxbXwCUeWM:
- https://www.esfi.org/resource/lockout-tagout-your-life-depends-on-it-544
- https://www.osha.gov/laws-regs/regulations/standardnumber/1910

